"ESRC") is sometimes referred to as the Woodinville Subdivision. The County assumed

DECLARATION OF CHRISTIE TRUE (14-cv-00784-JCC) - 1

23

Daniel T. Satterberg, Prosecuting Attorney CIVIL DIVISION, Litigation Section 900 King County Administration Building 500 Fourth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98104 (206) 296-8820 Fax (206) 296-8819

responsibility to manage the railbanked portion of the ESRC through Notices of Interim Trail

Use issued by the Surface Transportation Board ("STB") and a Trail Use Agreement executed by
the BNSF Railway Company ("BNSF") and King County.

- 4. True and correct copies of the three Notices of Interim Trail Use ("NITU") for the ESRC, two dated October 27, 2008, and one dated November 25, 2008, are attached here to as Exhibits A, B, and C. Exhibit A is the NITU that applies to the Corridor.
- 5. A true and correct copy of the Trail Use Agreement for the ESRC is attached hereto as Exhibit D.
- 6. True and correct copies of the February 4, 2010 letters from BNSF to the STB providing notice that the County and BNSF has entered into a Trail Use Agreement are attached hereto as Exhibits E, F, and G, respectively. Exhibit E is the letter that relates to the Corridor.
- 7. A true and correct copy of a map showing the areas of the Eastside Rail Corridor that are in active freight service and in railbanked status is attached hereto as Exhibit H. The geographic boundaries of the entire ESRC stretch from Renton north to the City of Snohomish, and from Woodinville to the City of Redmond. As depicted on Exhibit H, approximately 14.5 miles of the ESRC are in active freight service status (mileposts 23.8 to 38.25 on the main line) and approximately 26 miles of the ESRC are in railbanked status (mileposts 5.0 to 23.8 on the main line and mileposts 0.0 to 7.3 on the Redmond Spur).
- 8. The Parks and Recreation Division of the King County Department of Natural Resources and Parks is presently undertaking trail master-planning for the railbanked portion of the ESRC outside of Kirkland and Redmond. Kirkland and Redmond are undertaking their own trail plans. King County's trail master-plan is expected to be complete in 2016. A true and

correct copy of a document illustrating the scope and timing of the County's trail masterplanning work is attached hereto as Exhibit I.

- 9. Preservation of the ESRC is a major public project in which several "Regional Partners" have participated, including the Port of Seattle ("Port"), Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Authority ("Sound Transit"), Puget Sound Energy ("PSE") and the Cities of Kirkland and Redmond. A true and correct copy of the Memorandum of Understanding outlining the initial understanding of the roles of these parties is attached hereto as Exhibit J. In Section 3 of the Memorandum of Understanding the parties express their intent to carry out trail, public transportation and utility uses subject to reactivation of the right-of-way for freight rail service.
- County are to preserve the ESRC from being lost to abandonment so that it may be available if freight service is needed in the future, and to develop a world class trail and provide other substantial and beneficial public transportation and utility services. A true and correct copy of Ordinance 15233, dated July 12, 2005, is attached as Exhibit K. Recital C of Ordinance 15233 states that acquiring the ESRC through the federal railbanking program offers the County "a unique opportunity to retain the corridor's continuous, unbroken ownership for potential recreation and transportation use before it is . . . lost forever." A true and correct copy of Ordinance 17503 without attachments, dated December 11, 2012, is attached hereto as Exhibit L. Ordinance 17503 and its attachments may be easily retrieved online through the Legislation search page of the Metropolitan King County Council at <a href="http://www.kingcounty.gov/council/legislation.aspx">http://www.kingcounty.gov/council/legislation.aspx</a>. In Exhibit L attached hereto, Recital C of Ordinance 17503 states that the ESRC is comprised of "a contiguous set of parcels that together offer unique and significant opportunities that would be impossible to recreate if the parcels were

5

11.

9

7

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

disaggregated and sold off to private interests." Recital S of Ordinance 17503 states in part that maintaining the ESRC in contiguous public ownership offers a "once-in-a-lifetime" opportunity to expand the County's regional trail system, to encourage vibrant, prosperous and sustainable communities, and to safeguard and enhance King County's natural resources and environment.

The County and the other Regional Partners have relied on the legal effect of

railbanking under 16 U.S.C. 1247(d) and its implementing regulations at 49 C.F.R. Part 1152 to protect and preserve the railroad easements that BNSF owned in the ESRC and which, but for railbanking, would have been lost through reversion when BNSF ended freight service. Moreover, the continuation of the railroad easements conveyed by BNSF to the Port and then from the Port to the County, is necessary in order to allow the County to develop a trail and manage the ESRC as required by the National Trails System Act Amendments of 1983, and to allow the other public transportation and utility uses envisioned by the Regional Partners. By way of example, Section 8.1(c) of the Donation Agreement for the Woodinville Subdivision (South Rail Line) between BNSF Railway Company, the Port of Seattle and King County, dated May 12, 2008 and the Purchase and Sale Agreement for the Woodinville Subdivision (North Rail Line) between BNSF Railway Company, the Port of Seattle and King County, dated May 12, 2008, true and correct copies of which are attached as Exhibits M and N, state that BNSF's sale of the North Rail Line and its donation of the South Rail Line to the Port were contingent on STB approval of railbanking for a portion of the North Rail Line and all of the South Rail Line portion of the ESRC. Similarly, sections 3.2 to 3.4 of the 2009 Memorandum of Understanding attached as Exhibit J state that railbanking will be established on the Southern Portion of the Woodinville Subdivision and the Redmond Spur, and that, consistent with railbanking, those

portions will be available for public transportation use and utility use in addition to public trail use.

- 12. In the active freight section of the Woodinville Subdivision, the primary goal has been to maintain existing interstate freight service from the Woodinville area in King County north through unincorporated King County and Snohomish County to the BNSF main line in the City of Snohomish. A true and correct copy of the "Quit Claim Deed Woodinville North Freight Portion" from BNSF to the Port dated December 18, 2009 is attached hereto as Exhibit O. In the second paragraph on page 1 of that Exhibit O, BNSF excepted and reserved to itself and its successors and assigns an exclusive easement for freight rail purposes. Likewise, section 3.1 of the 2009 Memorandum of Understanding attached as Exhibit J states that freight rail service subject to the jurisdiction of the STB will continue on the Freight Portion.
- defines the Property subject to that agreement as the North Rail Line, which includes a Freight Portion and a Railbanked Portion. Section 1 of the Purchase and Sale Agreement also defines the "South Rail Line," which is the subject of the also defined Donation Agreement, or South Agreement. Section 2 of the Purchase and Sale Agreement requires the County to pay the Port \$1,903,000 at closing, and for the Port to pay BNSF \$106,903,000 at closing. Section 8.2(b) of the Purchase and Sale Agreement conditions the closing of the sale of the North Rail Line on a simultaneous closing of the conveyance of the South Rail Line under the South Agreement.

  Section 4.4 of the Purchase and Sale Agreement includes a title warranty from BNSF: "BNSF does represent and warrant that BNSF's ownership interest in and to the Property, even subject to the Third Party Leases/Licenses, is sufficient to permit railroad operations on the Property, including passenger railroad operations; and to permit BNSF to convey the Property as

contemplated in this Agreement and the Other Agreements." Section 4.4 of the Purchase and Sale Agreement also says that the Property will be conveyed subject to all matters affecting the property whether of record or not. Section 9.2 of the Purchase and Sale Agreement requires execution of an Assignment at closing. The Assignment is attached as Exhibit E to the Purchase and Sale Agreement and calls for the assignment to and assumption by the Port of the leases and licenses that had previously been granted by BNSF for use of the Property, except for certain Fiber Optic Agreements. These leases and licenses are included in Exhibit F to the Purchase and Sale Agreement. Section 9.2 of the Purchase and Sale Agreement also requires the execution of a Public Multipurpose Easement between the Port and the County at closing.

14. In Exhibit M, attached hereto, Section 1 of the Donation Agreement defines the Property subject to that agreement as the South Rail Line. Under Section 1 of the Donation Agreement, and except for one small segment not at issue in this lawsuit, the South Rail Line is comprised of the Railbanked Portion. Plaintiffs in this lawsuit reside along a segment of the South Rail Line. Section 1 also defines the North Rail Line, which is the subject of the Purchase and Sale Agreement or North Agreement. Section 2 of the Donation Agreement requires BNSF to donate the Property to the Port at closing. Section 8.2(b) of the Donation Agreement conditions the closing of the donation on a simultaneous closing of the conveyance of the North Rail Line under the North Agreement. Section 4.4 of the Donation Agreement includes a title warranty from BNSF: "BNSF does represent and warrant that BNSF's ownership interest in and to the Property, even subject to the Third Party Leases/Licenses, is sufficient to permit railroad operations on the Property, including passenger railroad operations; and to permit BNSF to convey the Property as contemplated in this Agreement and the Other Agreements." Section 4.4 of the Donation Agreement also says that the Property will be conveyed subject to all matters

affecting the property whether of record or not. Section 9.2 of the Donation Agreement requires execution of the Assignment at closing. The Assignment is attached as Exhibit E to the Donation Agreement and calls for the assignment to and assumption by the Port of the leases and licenses that had previously been granted by BNSF for use of the Property, except for certain Fiber Optic Agreements. These leases and licenses are included in Exhibit F to the Donation Agreement. Section 9.2 of the Donation Agreement also requires the execution of a Public Multipurpose Easement between the Port and the County at closing.

- 15. True and correct copies of the 7<sup>th</sup> Amendment to the Purchase and Sale Agreement and the Donation Agreement, each dated December 17, 2009, are attached hereto as Exhibits P and Q, wherein the purchase price in the Purchase and Sale Agreement was adjusted to \$81,449,000.
- 16. A true and correct copy of the "Quit Claim Deed Woodinville North Railbanked Portion" from BNSF to the Port dated December 18, 2009 is attached hereto as Exhibit R.
- 17. A true and correct copy of the "Quit Claim Deed Woodinville South" from BNSF to the Port dated December 18, 2009 is attached hereto as Exhibit S.
- 18. A true and correct copy of the Assignment of Third Party Leases/Licenses and other Contracts from BNSF to the Port dated December 18, 2009 is attached hereto as Exhibit T.
- 19. A true and correct copy of the Public Multipurpose Easement from the Port to King County dated December 18, 2009 (the "Multipurpose Easement") is attached hereto as Exhibit U. Recitals 4 and 6 of the Multipurpose Easement say that the Parties intend to use the ESRC for regional recreational trail and other transportation purposes, and that if interstate freight service is reactivated it should be integrated with the intended regional trail and transportation uses. Section 1 of the Multipurpose Easement grants the County the right to use

the ESRC for a regional trail and to carry out its railbanking obligations. Section 4 of the Multipurpose Easement requires that the ESRC be made available for reactivated interstate freight service if required by the STB, and that the parties to cooperate to be fully compensated for the rights and interests in the ESRC and any improvements of the ESRC.

- 20. A true and correct copy of pages 1, 13, and 20-23 of "Defendant BNSF's Responses to Plaintiffs' First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Documents" in Lane, et. al. v. Port of Seattle, et al., King County Superior Court No. 10-2-25591-5 SEA, are attached here to as Exhibit V. On page 13 of this document BNSF states that it claimed a deduction of \$326,161,990 on its federal income tax return for the tax year ending December 31, 2009 with respect to the disposition of the Southern Portion of the ESRC.
- A true and correct copy of the Purchase and Sale Agreement between the Port and King County dated February 18, 2013 (the "2013 P&SA") is attached hereto as Exhibit W.

  Section 1.1 of the 2013 PS&A defines the "Property" that is the subject of the 2013 P&SA.

  Section 2 of the 2013 P&SA states that the purchase price for the Property is \$15,800,000.

  Section 9 of the 2013 P&SA says that the County's Public Multipurpose Easement will terminate through the doctrine of merger as to any land conveyed by the Port to the County under the 2013 P&SA. Section 11.2.4 of the 2013 P&SA requires execution of an assignment of all the "Port's right, title and interest in and to the Third Party Leases, Licenses or Contracts listed in Schedule 1 to the 2013 P&SA. The form of the assignment is attached as Exhibit E to the 2013 P&SA.

  Schedule 1 is also attached to the 2013 P&SA.
- 22. A true and correct copies of the quit claim deed from the Port to King County dated February 13, 2013 along the contemporaneously executed Assignment of Third Party

3

4

5

6 7

8

9 10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 ||

DECLARATION OF CHRISTIE TRUE (14-cv-00784-JCC) - 9

Leases, Licenses and Contracts (without the Schedule 1 list of agreements), are attached hereto as Exhibit X.

- 23. In order to carry out the shared public goals for the railbanked portion of the ESRC, the County joined with other Regional Partners to form the Eastside Rail Corridor Regional Advisory Council ("Advisory Council"). A true and correct copy of the King County Motion establishing the Advisory Council is attached hereto as Exhibit Y.
- 24. The Advisory Council has been meeting regularly over the last two-plus years to coordinate ESRC planning and development, and has issued a document entitled "Creating Connections Recommendations on the Eastside Rail Corridor from the Regional Advisory Council." A true and correct copy of this document (the "RAC Report") is attached hereto as Exhibit Z. On page 7 of the RAC Report, it states that the ESRC provides a rare and unique opportunity to develop a major north-south corridor for multiple, important purposes: mobility, utility infrastructure, and recreation. On that same page, the RAC Report further states that development of the ESRC will help shape our region for decades. On page 11, the RAC Report states that preservation of the ESRC in public ownership offers an unparalleled opportunity, consistent with the federal Rails-to-Trails Act, to serve this quickly growing region with trail, high-capacity transit, and utility connections. On page 12, the RAC Report states that planning will be carried out carefully to allow for multiple uses and so as not to preclude future opportunities. On page 18, the RAC Report states that the goal for the ESRC is that it will be a multiuse corridor that would be able to accommodate trail, high-capacity transit, and utility use, as well as freight use if the railbanked portion is ever reactivated for freight. Appendix 5 to the RAC Report (page 85 of Exhibit Z) states that railbanking under 16 U.S.C. §1247(d) preserves disused portions of interstate rail lines by allowing them to be used for trails and other

DECLARATION OF CHRISTIE TRUE (14-cv-00784-JCC) - 10

compatible uses for an indefinite but interim period, and that railbanked property may be restored to active service in appropriate circumstances by a bona fide interstate freight rail operator. On that same page, Appendix 5 to the RAC Report further states that a core duty of an interim trail user is to ensure that sufficient real property interest remain in a railbanked corridor to allow the restoration of freight rail service, and that the various additional uses contemplated for the railbanked segments of the Woodinville Subdivision are compatible with preserving the ESRC for future freight use.

- 25. The County manages the railbanked portion of the ESRC in part by issuing special use permits and other rights to allow third-party uses under King County Code Chapter 4.56, Chapter 14.30, and other authorities. King County also regularly inspects, maintains and repairs the full length and width of the ESRC and works with adjacent landowners to remove encroachments. Encroachments are a concern throughout the railbanked portion of the ESRC.
- On or about December 15, 2014, a property owner in the vicinity of the properties owned by the Plaintiffs in this lawsuit used a backhoe, without the permission of the County or regulatory permits, to remove a bulkhead and dig into the Corridor, disturbing the rail bed and potentially undermining the stability of it. Representatives of the King County Parks Division and the King County Department of Permitting and Environmental Review directed the property owner to stop. True and correct copies of photographs of this work are attached hereto as Exhibit AA. This incident demonstrates the importance of the County being able to control all interim uses of and alterations to the railbanked portion of the ESRC, including the Corridor at issue in this lawsuit.
- 27. The County owns a major wastewater sewer trunk line, known as the Eastside Interceptor, that serves the greater east side, including Kirkland, Redmond, Issaquah, Lake Hills,

## Case 2:14-cv-00784-JCC Document 69 Filed 02/02/15 Page 11 of 11

1	Bellevue, and Newcastle. It carries sewage from these communities south to King County's
2	treatment plant in Renton. The Eastside Interceptor extends in a linear fashion through portions
3	of the ESRC. The Interceptor was initially installed between 1961 and 1964, and the County
4	obtained easements and permits from BNSF for the Interceptor in that same time frame.
5	
6	I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the United States and the State of
7	Washington that, to the best of my knowledge, the foregoing is true and correct.
8	Signed this Ind day of February, 2015 at Seattle, Washington.
9	
10	1/02
11	Christie True
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	

23